

Still Later.

IMPORTANT FROM EUROPE!

War More Imminent.

By the ship *Green Green*, 20 days from San Francisco, the American mail of April 1st was received, with San Francisco papers to April 26, and eastern telegrams to the 25th.

The American news is unimportant. The Senate adjourned on the 20th.

The European news possesses interest, as will be seen by the items given below:

NEW YORK, April 23.—A letter from Myline reports that 1,300 perished from that island from the "Black Death." In Ceylon, 213 persons

NEW YORK, April 19.—The Washington correspondence of the *Times* has been informed that negotiations having been pending since the accession of the Derby administration, between the British Government and the Government of the United States, for the purchase of a large portion of British America, Lord's design was to get all west of the Mississippi, and all north of the 49th parallel, and all north of Vancouver's Island, which England desired to retain as a naval station. Recently the proposition was put forward with view to the purchase of the territory north of the *Alabanna* claims as a part effort for peace, which should be hereafter determined. The British policy was maintained respecting the negotiations.

VIENNA, April 21.—The *Vienna Post*, the official organ of the Austrian Government, has published a statement of the Emperor and Empress, and France, concerning its readers not to put too much faith in the preservation of peace in Europe.

NEW YORK, April 21.—Gladstone has written a letter in which he virtually resigns the leadership of the Liberal party.

LONDON, April 22.—Spain promises to give England full satisfaction and indemnity for the seizure of the *Victoria*, but her replies to the demands in

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BERLIN, April 23d.—The official paper has an editorial in relation to the proposition of Prussia to France from the great powers, to leave the affairs of the world to the aid of the great powers, and it is necessary to appeal to the Powers for the protection of her rights, and at she will not leave Luxembourg.

It is reported that the great powers and they are authorized to say our Government, within a few days, in answer to England's proposition to settle the *Alabama* claims, that they will not accept of the proposition, and decline the acceptance of the proposition. This leaves the latter where it commenced. No proposition on the subject has been made by the British minister on an informal conversation between the British minister and the Administration. On the same subject, the British minister has been asked by the British minister for the purchase of British Columbia. It is probable that the next communication from the British minister will be in relation to the *Alabama* claims, and the Pacific, and they may intervene to be considered in connection with the *Alabama* claims.

BERLIN, April 24th.—It is reported that the great powers have renewed their appeal to Prussia. The Paris Bourse is heavy. Remittances still falling.

LONDON, April 24th.—The London Stock market flat. Consols, 90½ Five-twenty, 70½ Cotton

NEW YORK, April 14.—A letter from Aux Cayes March 27, states that when the revolution broke out there was no one left in the town, but were repulsed by Gelfard's brother. There are great fears of another attack, and that a large force will be sent against them. The island is swarmed with counterforce money, \$18,000,000 of which has arrived lately, and several persons arrested for assisting.

NEW YORK, April 14.—A special to the *Herald* says a rumor prevails in diplomatic circles that negotiations between the United States and the Philippine islands, as a reprisal from Spain.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—A report prevails to-day at Maximilian has been captured by the Liberals and the official information has been received confirming it.

BATTSLEIGH, April 14.—It is reported that a proposition has been made to the Government of Belgium of Luxembourg neutral territory in order to hold war between France and Germany.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 14.—The National Assembly has yesterday proclaimed declaring in favor of religious toleration and equal political rights.

The Southern States.

NEW YORK, April 15.—The *Times'* special advances from Christianburg, Va., state that Sheridan is now, by the effect of his recent orders, absolutely

York, April 16.—The Savannah *Republican*, in its accounts represents the condition of things in Madison and Bryan counties as truly alarming. It says that the whites of the Georgia counties mentioned in Southern Georgia. In one county the negroes, having been sentenced to death for the murder of a white man, were being hanged on the gallows. A mob of colored people surrounded the jail, broke on the doors, and allowed the prisoners to escape. The crowd then proceeded to burn the jail, and to destroy within a short distance of the public roads, and had been hanging there for several days.

England and the Russian Treaty.

London, April 16.—The London *Standard* has declared that England had a right to a voice in the matter of the Russian-American, and should have been allowed to be heard.

The *Standard* says: We can almost afford to

by a question still the consequences to British commerce and to the British colonies are not regarded, but Columbia has more than one out and an agreement is probable which will keep the balance in favor of the British.

The *Morning Post* thinks there is abundant cause to look with interest for the next step that may be taken by the American Government in its policy of international aggression. It believes the Americans purchased Russian America, for the excellent reason that it gives them an opportunity for the purchase of the British territories in the Pacific.

The *Morning Advertiser* don't know that any power in the world has a legal right to object. If we are as usual, we have no right to object and give Sweden or Gortschakoff an opportunity to give England a bit of their mind by no means applicable to the subject.

The *St. Petersburg Journal* says the sale of Russia to America will prove mutually advantageous to both countries, and that the American countries will be promoted. A part of Eastern Siberia will be sold, with certain privileges, by which the commercial interests of both countries will be promoted.

Mexican News.

MEXICO, April 17th.—Letters from Vera Cruz to El Estero, dated the 15th inst., state that the Government have after two demands for a surrender, promising

thousand in killed and wounded. The Imperialists lost many officers, from the rank of lieutenant up. Accounts vary regarding the number, but, immediately after the capture, sent three thousand men and a battery to attack Vera Cruz, the surrender of which was demanded on the 12th. The Imperial chiefs held a council on the 13th, and doubtless they would agree to capitulate. The Imperial *sortie* from Queretaro was again defeated. The Mexican papers say that the Maximilian and the Imperialists attempted to escape from Queretaro the 25th, and were driven back.